

PLATED IN ITALY: under the most restrictive environmental laws in the world.

To buy a product Plated in Italy means to respect the environment. As a matter of fact, Italian environmental laws are the most restrictive with respect to the emerging countries as well as to the most developed.

As shown by the table, the emission limits values for waste water of Italian industry are the smallest for aluminium, cadmium, copper, iron, quicksilver, nitrites, phosphorus, lead and zinc.

As far as the other elements are concerned the Italian limit values are rather always close to the lowest.

Italy is the only country where limit values apply also to chlorides, sulphates, boron and surfactants.

When adding to the very restrictive environmental regulations the severe system of controls carried out by the competent authorities with the support of a net of performing laboratories, the result is that electroplating processes in Italy are carried out with the maximum care of environment.

	I	В	F	D	GB	NL	E	P
Al	1	10	5	3			2	5
Cd	0,02	0,6	0,2	0,2	0,01	0,2	0,5	0,2
CN	0,5		0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	1	0,1
Cr6+	0,2	0,5	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,5	0,1
Cr	2	5	3	0,5	1	0,5	4	3
Cu	0,1	4	2	0,5	2	0,5	10	2
F	6	10	15	50			12	15
Fe	2	20	5	3			10	5
Hg	0,005		0,1			0,05	0,1	0,05
Ni	2	3	5	1	1	0,5	10	5
Р	10	2	10	2		15	20	10
Pb	0,2	1	1	0,5			0,5	1
Sn	10	2	2	2	2	2	10	2
Zn	0,5	7	5	2	2	0,5	20	5
COD	160	300	150	400				150
HC	5		5	0,1	0,1	0,1	40	

REMARKS

HC: hydrocarbons.

GB: only England and Wales.

Data as mg/l from the document "Best References for Surface Treatments on Metals and Plastics" issued by the European Integrated Prevention and Pollution Control Bureau (EIPPCB).